

THE STANDARD

Interacting Body Systems

Use argument supported by evidence for how the body is a system of interacting subsystems composed of groups of cells.

DCI

DISCIPLINARY
CORE IDEA

LS1.A • Structure and Function

In multicellular organisms, the body is a system of multiple interacting subsystems. These subsystems are groups of cells that work together to form tissues and organs that are specialized for particular body functions.

Your body is not one machine. It is a stack of subsystems, each built from groups of cells that took on a specific job. Cells of one type form tissues. Tissues form organs. Organs group into systems. Every system depends on the others to do its work. **Nothing in the body runs alone.**

SEP

SCIENCE &
ENGINEERING
PRACTICE

Engaging in Argument from Evidence

Use an oral and written argument supported by evidence to support or refute an explanation or a model for a phenomenon.

This standard is built on argument, not labeling. Students aren't naming the parts of the heart. They're making a case. They use evidence, like heart rate data or a flow chart, to argue that two or more systems are interacting. **The claim has to be supported, not just stated.**

CCC

CROSSCUTTING
CONCEPT

Systems and System Models

Systems may interact with other systems; they may have sub-systems and be a part of larger complex systems.

A system has subsystems. Subsystems are part of a larger system. The body is the clearest example a student will ever meet. Zoom in: an organ is a system. Zoom out: the whole body is a system. Both views are true at the same time. **That's the lens the standard wants students using.**